## A BILL FOR AN ACT

To further amend title 32 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia, as amended, by amending sections 203, 205, 206, 207, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 216, 217 and 219, and to enact title 37 by adding a new section 101, to make changes to the foreign investment act, and for other purposes.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS OF THE FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA:

- Section 1. Section 203 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 1 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Section 203. Definition. When words defined in this 5 section are used in this chapter, unless otherwise required by the context, the following definitions shall 6 7 govern: 8 (1) 'business entity' means any sole proprietorship, 9 partnership, company, corporation, joint venture, or 10 other association of persons engaging in business; (2) 'character criteria' means the criteria 11 established in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations 12 pursuant to section 205(3) of this chapter; 13  $\left[\frac{(2)}{(3)}\right]$  (3) 'citizen' means a citizen of the FSM; 14  $[\frac{(3)}{(4)}]$  'Department' means the Department of [Resources 15 16 and

Development] Economic Affairs of the FSM or its

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1	successor;
2	$\left[\frac{(4)}{(5)}\right]$ 'engaging in business' means carrying out any
3	activity relating to the conduct of a business, and
4	shall include the activities enumerated in subsection
5	$[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ (a) below but shall not include the activities
6	enumerated in subsection $[\frac{(4)}{(5)}]$ (b) below:
7	(a) 'engaging in business' shall include:
8	(i) buying, selling, leasing, or exchanging
9	goods, products, or property of any kind for commercial
10	purposes;
11	(ii) buying, selling, or exchanging services
12	of any kind for commercial purposes;
13	(iii) conducting negotiations for transactions
14	of the types described in items (i) or (ii) above;
15	provided, however, that negotiations with licensed
16	importers for periods of less than 14 days per calendar
17	year shall not be considered 'engaging in business';
18	(iv) appointing a representative, agent, or
19	distributor by a noncitizen to perform any of the acts
20	described in items (i) through (iii) above, unless said
21	representative, agent, or distributor has an independent
22	status and transacts business in its name for its own
23	account and not in the name of or for the account of any
24	noncitizen principal;
25	(v) maintaining a stock of goods in the FSM

1	for the purpose of having the same processed by another
2	person in the FSM;
3	(vi) establishing or operating a factory,
4	workshop, processing plant, warehouse, or store, whether
5	wholesale or retail;
6	(vii) mining or exploring for minerals, or the
7	commercial exploitation or extraction of other natural
8	resources;
9	(viii) providing services as a management firm
10	or professional consultant in the management,
11	supervision, or control of any business entity; and
12	(ix) providing professional services as an
13	attorney, physician, dentist, engineer, surveyor,
14	accountant, auditor, or other professional providing
15	service for a fee; provided, however, that such a
16	professional shall not be considered to be 'engaging in
17	business' unless he or she, while present in the FSM,
18	performs his or her respective professional services for
19	more than 14 days in any calendar year; [and]
20	[ <del>(x) holding at least twenty percent (20%)</del>
21	ownership interest in a business entity;
22	(b) engaging in business shall not include:
23	(i) the publication of general
24	advertisements through newspapers, brochures, or other
25	publications, or through radio or television;

1	(ii) the conducting of scientific research or
2	investigations, if
3	a) the research or investigation is
4	sponsored by a university, college, agency, or
5	institution normally engaged in such activities
6	primarily for purposes other than commercial profit, and
7	b) the particular research or
8	investigation at issue is not for purposes of, or
9	expected to yield, commercial profit;
L 0	(iii) the collection of information by a bona
L1	fide journalist for news publication or broadcast;
L2	(iv) maintaining or defending any action or
L3	suit, or participating in administrative proceedings,
L 4	arbitration, or mediation;
L5	(v) maintaining bank accounts; [or]
L 6	(vi) the lawful sale of corporate shares or
L7	other interests or holdings in a business entity
L 8	acquired not for speculation or profit; or
L 9	(vii) the making of occasional sales as
20	defined by the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations;
21	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ 'foreign investment' means any activity in the FSM
22	by a noncitizen that amounts to 'engaging in business'
23	as defined above;
24	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(7)</u> 'Foreign Investment Permit' means an FSM Foreign
25	Investment Permit, a State Foreign Investment Permit, or

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               a Pre-Existing Foreign Investment Permit;
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            \left[\frac{(7)}{(8)}\right] 'foreign investor' means a noncitizen who is
               engaging in business in the FSM, as defined above;
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            \left[\frac{(8)}{(9)}\right] 'FSM' means the Federated States of Micronesia;
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           [<del>(9)</del>](10) 'FSM Foreign Investment Permit' means a permit
               issued by the Secretary in accordance with the
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              provisions of this chapter;
                          'FSM Foreign Investment Regulations' means
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           [\frac{(10)}{(11)}]
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               Regulations promulgated by the Secretary in accordance
               with the provisions of this chapter;
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                         'noncitizen' means any person who is not a
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           [\frac{(11)}{(12)}]
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          citizen
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               of the FSM, and any business entity in which any
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               ownership interest is held by a person who is not a
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               citizen of the FSM;
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                        'ownership interest' in a business entity
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          means
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               ownership of or control over, [either directly or
              indirectly, whether directly, indirectly, legally or
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              beneficially, some or all of the shares of, property or
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              assets of, voting rights in, or rights to profits or
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              revenue from, that business entity; provided, however,
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              that:
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                      (a) ownership interest shall not include a bona
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              fide security interest in real or personal property for
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1	the purpose of securing a loan or other obligation; and
2	(b) any interest [held] owned or controlled by
3	the spouse, minor child, or other dependent of a person
4	shall be counted as owned or controlled by that person
5	in determining whether he or she has an ownership
6	interest in a business entity, provided that this
7	subsection shall not apply to a noncitizen spouse who is
8	married to a citizen and who does not hold an ownership
9	interest in his or her own right;
10	$[\frac{(13)}{(14)}]$ 'person' includes both individuals and legal
11	entities;
12	[ <del>(14)</del> ] <u>(15)</u> 'Pre-Existing Foreign Investment Permit'
13	means a
14	permit issued by the Secretary or by a State prior to
15	the date on which this act took effect, and which has
16	not expired according to its terms or been suspended or
17	canceled;
18	$[\frac{(15)}{(16)}]$ 'Secretary' means the Secretary of the
19	Department
20	[of Resources and Development] Economic Affairs of the
21	FSM;
22	$[\frac{(16)}{(17)}]$ 'State' means one of the States of the FSM;
23	[ <del>(17)</del> ] <u>(18)</u> 'State Foreign Investment Legislation' means
24	legislation enacted and currently effective in one of
25	the States to regulate foreign investment within that

1 State; 'State Foreign Investment Permit' means a 2  $[\frac{(18)}{(19)}]$ 3 permit 4 issued by authorized officials within one of the States 5 pursuant to relevant State Foreign Investment 6 Legislation; 7 (20) 'Substantial ownership interest' means an 8 ownership interest in a business entity of at least 9 thirty percent (30%).' Section 2. Section 205 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 10 11 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: 12 1.3 "Section 205. Categories of economic sectors. 14 following system of Categories of economic sectors is 15 hereby established for the purpose of implementing the 16 policy of the FSM to welcome foreign investment in all sectors of the FSM economy, insofar as such foreign 17 investment is consistent with the economic, social, and 18 19 cultural well-being of its citizens: 20 (1) Categories for National Regulation -- economic sectors that are of special national significance and 21 22 therefore fall within the jurisdiction of the National 2.3 Government in respect of foreign investment regulation. 24 These Categories are the following: 2.5 (a) Category A ('National Red List') -- the set

1	of economic sectors that are closed to foreign
2	investment anywhere in the FSM. Economic sectors in the
3	National Red List are the following:
4	(i) arms manufacture;
5	(ii) the minting of coins or printing of
6	notes for use as currency;
7	(iii) business activities relating to nuclear
8	power or radioactivity; and
9	(iv) such other economic sectors as the
10	Secretary may, after consultation with States pursuant
11	to section 206(2) of this chapter, designate in the FSM
12	Foreign Investment Regulations as being on the National
13	Red List.
14	(b) Category B ('National Amber List') the set
15	of economic sectors that are subject to National
16	Government regulation and as to which certain criteria
17	specified in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations must
18	be met [ <del>before a Foreign Investment Permit may be</del>
19	issued]. Economic Sectors on the National Amber List
20	include the following:
21	(i) banking, other than as defined in title
22	29 of the FSM Code; [and]
23	(ii) [ <del>Insurance</del> ] <u>insurance</u> ; and
24	(iii) such other economic sectors as the
25	Secretary may, after consultation with States pursuant

1	to section 206(2) of this chapter, designate in the FSM
2	Foreign Investment Regulations as being on the National
3	Amber List.
4	(c) Category C ([ <del>national</del> ] <u>'National</u> Green List <u>'</u> )
5	the set of economic sectors that are subject to
6	National Government regulation but as to which no
7	special criteria need to be met before a Foreign
8	Investment Permit is to be issued. Economic sectors on
9	the National Green List include the following:
LO	(i) banking, as defined in title 29 of the
L1	FSM Code;
L2	(ii) telecommunications;
L3	(iii) fishing in the FSM's Exclusive Economic
L 4	Zone;
L 5	(iv) international and interstate air
L 6	transport;
L 7	(v) international shipping; and
L8	(vi) such other economic sectors as the
L 9	Secretary may, after consultation with States pursuant
20	to section 206(2) of this chapter, designate in the FSM
21	Foreign Investment Regulations as being on the National
22	Green List.
23	(2) Categories for State Regulation economic
24	sectors that are not of special national significance
25	and therefore are delegated to the jurisdiction of the

1 State Governments in respect of foreign investment regulation. These Categories are to be established separately by each State, by means of the State Foreign 3 4 Investment Regulations in each State. An economic 5 sector included in any of the Categories for National Regulation pursuant to subsection (1) above shall not 6 7 appear in any of the Categories for State Regulation. 8 [In the absence of State foreign investment legislation, 9 the National government will continue to regulate 10 foreign investment in that State pursuant to provisions 11 of the FSM Foreign Investment Act superseded by this 12 act. 1.3 (3) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in 14 subsection (1), and regardless of the economic category 15 involved: 16 (a) every applicant for or holder of an FSM 17 Foreign Investment Permit may be required to meet such 18 character criteria as may be specified in the FSM 19 Foreign Investment Regulations in order to obtain or 20 retain an FSM Foreign Investment Permit; and 21 (b) every present or future holder of a 22 substantial ownership interest in an applicant for or 2.3 holder of an FSM Foreign Investment Permit may be 2.4 required to meet those same character criteria in order 2.5 to obtain or retain that substantial ownership

1	<u>interest</u> ."
2	Section 3. Section 206 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code
3	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law
4	No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:
5	"Section 206. Responsibilities of the National and
6	State Government regarding foreign investment.
7	(1) The National Government of the FSM shall be
8	responsible, at the initiative of the Secretary, for:
9	(a) determining, after consultation with the
10	States as required under subsection (2) below, which
11	economic sectors, in addition to those enumerated in
12	section 205(1) of this chapter, shall be designated for
13	inclusion in Category A (National Red List), Category B
14	(National Amber List), and Category C (National Green
15	List).
16	(b) determining what criteria, if any, shall be
17	specified for foreign investments in Category B
18	(National Amber List) economic sectors.
19	(c) the issuance of FSM Foreign Investment
20	Permits in respect of Category B and Category C economic
21	sectors, and in general for the administration of
22	foreign investment rules established by this act or by
23	the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations.
24	(d) promulgating such FSM Foreign Investment
25	Regulations as may be necessary for the effective and

efficient discharge of the responsibilities enumerated in this subsection and in general for the proper administration of this chapter.

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- (2) The National Government shall meet regularly, at least once every two years, with authorities designated by the Governments of the States to review sectoral developments and to discuss proposals to add economic sectors to, or remove them from, Category A (National Red List), Category B (National Amber List), or Category C (National Green List) under section 205(1) of this chapter.
- (3) The Government of each individual State shall be responsible for the regulation of foreign investment, including the issuance of State Foreign Investment

  Permits, in respect of foreign investment taking place or proposed to take place within the territory of that State in all economic sectors other than those designated for inclusion in Categories A, B, or C pursuant to section 205(1) of this chapter.
- (4) If any foreign investment of a type described in subsection (3) above takes place or is proposed to take place within the territories of more than one State, each of those States shall have authority to regulate such foreign investment within its own territory.
  - (5) Action taken by the Government of a State under

subsections (3) and (4) above shall be consistent with the provisions of this chapter and the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations.

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- (6) If any foreign investment or proposed foreign investment involves more than one economic sector, and those economic sectors are designated for inclusion in more than one Category pursuant to section 205 of this chapter, such investment or proposed investment shall be subject to the rules and jurisdiction applicable to each such Category as described in this section and elsewhere in this chapter.
- (7) The Department shall, upon request, offer assistance:
- (a) to States in the areas of foreign investment policy and promotion, under terms to be specified in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations; and
- (b) to foreign investors with investments taking place or proposed to take place within the territory of more than one State, under terms and guidelines agreed with the concerned States.
- (8) In the absence of State Foreign Investment
  Legislation and implementing regulations, the National
  Government will continue to regulate foreign investment
  in that State pursuant to [provisions of the Foreign
  Investment Regulations which shall be substantially the

same as the Foreign Investment Act which is superseded

by this act."

3 Section 4. Section 207 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 4 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law 5 No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 207. <u>Application procedures for FSM Foreign</u>
 Investment Permits.

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- (1) An application for an FSM Foreign Investment
  Permit shall be made on the form or forms prescribed in
  the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations, as may be
  supplemented in particular cases by order of the
  Secretary. Such application form or forms shall be made
  publicly available by the Secretary and by responsible
  authorities in each of the States. The application form
  shall require the applicant to identify clearly the
  person(s) resident in the Federated States of Micronesia
  who are designated as agent for service of process.
- (2) Submission of an application for an FSM Foreign Investment Permit may be made either (a) to the Secretary or (b) to the responsible authorities in the State in whose territory the foreign investment takes place or is proposed to take place. In the latter case, the responsible State authorities shall forward the application directly to the Secretary.
  - (3) Upon receiving an application for an FSM Foreign

1 Investment Permit, the Secretary shall, within such periods of time as may be prescribed for this purpose in 2. the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations, take one or more 3 4 of the following actions, as appropriate: 5 (a) determine whether the application relates to a foreign investment in a Category A, Category B, or 6 7 Category C economic sector; 8 (b) deny the application if [+]: 9 (i) it relates to a foreign investment in a Category A (National Red List) economic sector, or 10 (ii) it relates to a foreign investment in [a 11 12 Category B (National Amber List) economic sector but is 13 incomplete or does not satisfactorily demonstrate that 14 the investment would meet all of the applicable national 15 criteria established in the FSM Foreign Investment 16 Regulations pursuant to section 206(1)(b) of this chapter | any other Category for National Regulation and 17 does not meet the character criteria for obtaining an 18 19 FSM Foreign Investment Permit that are established in 20 the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations pursuant to 21 section 205(3) of this chapter; 22 (c) forward the application to the responsible 2.3 State authorities if it relates to a foreign investment 2.4 in an economic sector other than those designated for

inclusion in Category A, Category B, or Category C;

1	(d) $[F]$ forward a notification copy of the
2	application to the responsible State Authorities if it
3	relates to a Foreign Investment in economic sector
4	categories A, B, or $C[-]$ ;
5	(e) require the applicant to submit further
6	information if the application is incomplete or does not
7	provide enough information for the Secretary to
8	determine:
9	(i) what economic sector(s) is (are)
10	involved, or
11	(ii) whether the [ <del>requirements for an FSM</del>
12	Foreign Investment Permit] character criteria have been
13	[ <del>or will be</del> ] met[ <del>.</del> ] <u>;</u>
14	[(f) issue an FSM Foreign Investment Permit if:
15	(i) the application
16	a) relates to a foreign investment in
17	a Category B (National Amber List) economic sector;
18	b) is complete; and
19	c) demonstrates that the foreign
20	investment meets all of the applicable national criteria
21	established in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations
22	pursuant to section 206(1)(b) of this chapter; or
23	(ii) the application is complete and relates
24	to a foreign investment in a Category C (National Green
25	<del>List) economic sector.</del> ]

Τ	(I) issue an FSM Foreign investment Permit if the
2	application:
3	(i) is complete;
4	(ii) meets the character criteria; and
5	(iii) relates to a foreign investment in
6	either Category B (National Amber List) or Category C
7	(National Green List) economic sector.
8	(4) Upon taking any action described in paragraph (b),
9	(e), or (f) of subsection (3) above, the Secretary
10	shall, within such periods of time as may be prescribed
11	for this purpose in the FSM Foreign Investment
12	Regulations, advise the applicant of the action and the
13	reasons therefor.
14	(5) The nature and amount of the application fee, if
15	any, to be paid by an applicant seeking an FSM Foreign
16	Investment Permit shall be established in the FSM
17	Foreign Investment Regulations.
18	(6) If the Secretary issues an FSM Foreign Investment
19	Permit pursuant to subsection (3)(f) above, the FSM
20	Foreign Investment Permit will be sent to the applicant,
21	with copies to be (a) inserted into a register to be
22	maintained by the Department for this purpose and (b)
23	sent to the responsible authority in each State, for
24	insertion in a register to be maintained by such
25	authorities for this purpose.

1 (7) If the Secretary denies an application for an FSM 2 Foreign Investment Permit pursuant to subsection (3) (b) (ii) above, the applicant may (a) resubmit the 3 4 application with modifications designed to meet the 5 applicable national criteria established in the FSM 6 Foreign Investment Regulations pursuant to section 7 206(1)(d) of this chapter, or (b) provide to the 8 Secretary additional information or explanation to 9 indicate how, in the applicant's opinion, the foreign investment would satisfy such criteria. On receipt of 10 such modifications or additional information, the 11 12 Secretary shall review the application and make a 13 determination under the procedures prescribed in 14 subsection (3) above. There is no limit to the number 15 of times an applicant may modify an application in an 16 attempt to satisfy the applicable criteria." Section 5. Section 209 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 17 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law 18 No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: 19 "Section 209. Form, fees, renewal, modification and 20 cancellation of FSM Foreign Investment Permits. 21 22 (1) FSM Foreign Investment Permits shall be in the 2.3 form prescribed in the FSM Foreign Investment 24 Regulations. State Foreign Investment Permits shall be 25 in the form prescribed in State Foreign Investment

1 Legislation and State Foreign Investment Regulations.

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- (2) Upon the issuance of an FSM Foreign Investment Permit, the holder shall fulfill the requirements, if any, included in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations for the payment of an annual fee.
- (3) An FSM Foreign Investment Permit shall be valid [for one year, and, unless] until it has been canceled, suspended, or surrendered pursuant to subsections (7) [(10)] (11) below [, it shall be renewable on an annual basis upon the fulfillment by the holder of the requirements, if any, included in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations for the payment of an annual feel.
- (4) An FSM Foreign Investment Permit shall not be transferable between investments or investors and shall not be assignable to any investment or investor other than the one for which it was issued.
- (5) The holder of an FSM Foreign Investment Permit may not make a change in the business that the holder is engaging in without obtaining either (a) a new FSM Foreign Investment Permit for that purpose under section 207 of this chapter (or, if applicable, a new State Foreign Investment Permit under the relevant State Foreign Investment [Law] Legislation) or (b) a modification in the terms of its FSM Foreign Investment

Permit. Such a modification may be requested by the business entity, and granted by the Secretary, in accordance with such procedures and requirements as the Secretary shall establish in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations. However, no such modification is necessary if an existing business entity for which an FSM Foreign Investment Permit has been issued is expanded, without any change in [either (a)] the business it is engaging in [or (b) the degree of interest held by any noncitizen in that business entity].

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- (6) For purposes of subsection (5) above, a 'change in the business' a person is engaging in occurs if that person begins operations in a different economic sector from the one(s) for which the FSM Foreign Investment Permit was issued.
- (7) The Secretary may cancel an FSM Foreign Investment Permit only if the Secretary determines, following the procedural requirements of subsection (9) below, that one or more of the following circumstances exist:
- (a) the annual fee, if any, required under either subsection (2) or subsection (3) above has not been paid;
- (b) the holder of the Permit requests its cancellation;
  - (c) the permit application is found to have

1 contained false or fraudulent information; 2 (d) the holder of the Permit bribed or otherwise exercised, or attempted to exercise, undue influence on 3 4 the decision to issue the Permit; 5 (e) the holder of the Permit fails or refuses to 6 comply with the reporting requirements under section 213 7 of this chapter or with any other requirements of this chapter or of the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations; 8 9 (f) the holder of the Permit fails or refuses to comply with any restrictions or conditions included in 10 the Permit, or engages in activities not authorized by 11 12 the Permit: 1.3 (q) [the holder fails to comply with any 14 applicable State or National laws] a substantial 15 ownership interest in the holder is owned by a 16 noncitizen who does not meet the character criteria established pursuant to section 205(3) of this chapter. 17 (8) If an FSM Foreign Investment Permit is canceled 18 19 pursuant to subsection (7) above, the noncitizen holding that canceled Permit shall: 20 21 (a) immediately stop engaging in business in the 22 FSM; 2.3 (b) take such steps as the Secretary shall direct 2.4 in order to dispose of that noncitizen's interest in any

applicable business entity; and

(c) pay any fines or other penalties that may be imposed under section 220 of this chapter.

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- (9) If it appears to the Secretary that one or more of the grounds for cancellation of an FSM Foreign

  Investment Permit, as enumerated in subsection (7)

  above, may exist, the Secretary may temporarily suspend the validity of that FSM Foreign Investment Permit and shall commence the following procedures leading to cancellation:
- (a) The Secretary or his designee may schedule a hearing on the matter before the Secretary or his designee. At least 21 days' written notice of the hearing shall be given to the holder or registered agent of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit or the holder's registered agent, stating the alleged grounds for cancellation. If during that time the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit takes action satisfactory to the Secretary to disprove the allegations or otherwise remedy the situation, the Secretary may cancel the hearing and reinstate the FSM Foreign Investment Permit if it was temporarily suspended.
- (b) Hearing procedures shall be prescribed by the Secretary in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations and shall include the right of the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit to participate and to be represented

1 by counsel, to call witnesses, and to cross-examine witnesses called against the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit. 3

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- (c) Within ten days after a hearing, the Secretary shall issue a written decision including reasons for the action taken and the remedy to be imposed pursuant to subsection (8) above, and shall transmit that decision immediately to the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit.
- (d) If a decision has not been issued pursuant to subsection (9)(c) above within the ten days specified, any temporary suspension ordered by the Secretary shall automatically end, and the validity of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit shall automatically be reinstated.
- (e) Within 20 days after receiving the notice of the decision of the Secretary, the holder of the FSM Foreign Investment Permit may appeal the decision to the Supreme Court of the FSM. Copies of any notice of appeal shall be served on the Secretary and the Attorney General.
- (10) If an FSM Foreign Investment Permit is suspended pursuant to subsection (9) above, the noncitizen holding that suspended permit shall immediately stop engaging in business in the FSM and refrain from resuming the business unless and until the FSM Foreign Investment

1 Permit is reinstated. 2. A holder of an FSM Foreign Investment Permit  $[\frac{(10)}{(11)}]$ 3 may 4 surrender it by meeting requirements specified for this 5 purpose in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations. Mere cessation of engaging in business in the FSM, without 6 7 meeting such requirements, does not relieve the holder of an FSM Foreign Investment Permit from the 8 9 requirements incident thereto." Section 6. Section 210 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 10 11 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: 12 1.3 "Section 210. Expatriate worker authorizations. 14 (1) A business entity as to which either [have] an FSM 15 Foreign Investment Permit or a State Foreign Investment 16 Permit has been issued shall be entitled automatically to an expatriate worker authorization ('EWA') for one 17 18 expatriate senior management position. 19 (2) If the business entity as to which either an FSM 20 Foreign Investment Permit or a State Foreign Investment 21 Permit has been issued meets the applicable criteria 22 established for this purpose in the FSM Foreign 2.3 Investment Regulations, the holder of such Permit shall 2.4 be entitled automatically to one or more additional EWAs for expatriate [senior management] positions. 2.5

1 (3) An EWA that is automatically allocated under either subsection (1) or (2) above shall remain valid 2. during the entire period that the corresponding Foreign 3 4 Investment Permit remains valid [, including during the 5 period of any renewal as provided for in section 209 of this chapter]. However, the criteria to be established 6 7 pursuant to subsection (2) above may provide that, 8 notwithstanding the continued validity of an EWA, new 9 entry permits requested under that EWA may be denied and existing entry permits issued under that EWA may be 10 canceled during any period when those criteria are not 11 12 being met. 1.3 (4) The holder of a Foreign Investment Permit may 14 apply for additional EWAs to be allocated to the 15 relevant business entity, beyond those automatically 16 allocated under either subsection (1) or paragraph (2) 17 above, if a suitably qualified and experienced citizen 18 is not available, The procedures for applying for such 19 additional EWAs shall be established in the FSM Foreign 20 Investment Regulations.  $[\frac{(5)}{(4)}]$  The holder of a Foreign Investment permit may 21 22 apply 2.3 for additional expatriate workers pursuant to title 51 2.4 of the FSM Code."

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Section 7. Section 211 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code

1 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law

2 No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:

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- 3 "Section 211. Issuance of entry permits.
  - (1) The holder of a Foreign Investment Permit may, upon the allocation of an EWA to the relevant business entity, submit to the immigration authorities an application for an entry permit for a nominee to fill the position to which the EWA applies.
    - (2) If the immigration authorities approve an application for an entry permit applied for under subsection (1) above, the immigration authorities shall issue such permit upon the payment of a fee in such an amount and under such procedures as may be established for this purpose by the immigration authorities.
    - (3) The immigration authorities shall issue an entry permit for a nominee to fill a position to which an EWA applies except in cases of (a) criminal character or (b) medical risk to the nation or the nominee, as set forth in pertinent regulations issued by the immigration authorities. If the immigration authorities deny an application for an entry permit for a nominee to fill a position to which an EWA applies, the immigration authorities shall so advise the holder of the Foreign Investment Permit and shall give reasons for the denial. In such a case of denial, the holder of the Foreign

1 Investment Permit may (a) request the immigration 2 authorities to review the application after submission of additional information on the nominee, or (b) apply 3 4 for an entry permit nominating a different person to 5 fill the position. 6 (4) If, for whatever reason, a position to which an 7 EWA applies is or becomes vacant during the period of 8 validity of that EWA, the holder of the relevant Foreign 9 Investment Permit may apply to the immigration authorities for an entry permit for a nominee to fill 10 11 the vacant position. 12 (5) In addition to entry permits issued pursuant to 13 EWAs, a foreign investor shall be entitled to one or 14 more foreign investor entry permits as follows: 15 (a) one if the foreign investor is a sole 16 proprietorship; or 17 (b) one for each individual holder of a substantial ownership interest in the foreign investor 18 19 if the foreign investor is any other kind of business 20 entity." Section 8. Section 212 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 21 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: 23 24 "Section 212. Renewal and cancellation of entry 2.5 permits.

1	(1) An entry permit issued pursuant to section 211 of
2	this chapter, whether a foreign investor entry permit or
3	an entry permit issued under an EWA, shall be valid upon
4	its issuance [ <del>(or upon automatic renewal) for a period</del>
5	equal to the period of validity of the EWA to which the
6	entry permit relates. and thereafter until the sooner
7	of:
8	(a) five years, or such shorter period as may be
9	prescribed in regulations by the immigration
10	authorities, after the date of its issuance;
11	(b) expiration, cancellation, or surrender of the
12	applicable Foreign Investment Permit or EWA; or
13	(c) cancellation of the entry permit as provided
14	in subsection (4) below.
15	(2) Solely for purposes of subsection (1) (b) above:
16	(a) a Foreign Investment Permit which is
17	renewable annually shall not be deemed to have expired
18	unless and until the official who issued the Foreign
19	Investment Permit has declared it to be expired and so
20	notified the immigration officials in writing; and
21	(b) an EWA shall not be deemed to have expired
22	unless and until the Foreign Investment Permit under
23	which it was issued is canceled or deemed to have
24	expired.
25	(3) Except as provided in subsection (4) below, an

1 entry permit issued pursuant to section 211 of this 2. chapter shall be automatically renewed upon its 3 expiration. 4  $[\frac{(2)}{(4)}]$ An entry permit <u>issued pursuant to section</u> 211 of this chapter may be canceled, or its renewal may 5 be denied, by the immigration authorities only if: 6 7 (a) the required fee is unpaid; 8 (b) the person to whom the entry permit has been 9 issued is convicted by a court in the FSM of an offense in respect of which he or she has been sentenced to 10 imprisonment for a term of six months or more; [or] 11 12 (c) the entry permit, or the EWA to which the 13 entry permit relates, was obtained under false 14 pretenses; [or] 15 (d) the conduct of the person to whom the entry 16 permit has been issued constitutes a threat to the 17 security of the FSM. In this case an entry permit may 18 be canceled only after receiving a recommendation of 19 cancellation from a committee appointed for this purpose 20 and consisting of representatives from each of the 21 following: the immigration authorities, the applicable 22 State official responsible for foreign investment 2.3 regulation in the State, the Attorney General of the 24 FSM, and the Department; 2.5 (e) the person to whom the entry permit has been

1 issued leaves the position the basis of which the entry permit was issued; 3 (f) the person to whom the entry permit has been 4 issued engages in employment other than that for which 5 the entry permit was issued without a proper permit; 6 [<del>or</del>] 7 (q) the person to whom the entry permit has been 8 issued is deported in accordance with law[-]; 9 (h) the conditions for cancellation pursuant to section 210(3) of this chapter are satisfied; 10 (i) the applicable Foreign Investment Permit is 11 12 canceled or surrendered; or 1.3 (j) it is required or permitted under subsection 14 (5) below. 15 (5) An entry permit issued pursuant to section 211 of 16 this chapter shall be canceled by the immigration authorities if the official who issued the Foreign 17 18 Investment Permit to which the entry permit relates 19 makes a finding, concurred in by the FSM Secretary of 20 Justice, that the holder of the permit is not engaged in 21 a bona fide attempt to commence, operate, wind up, or 22 recommence any business to which the Foreign Investment 2.3 Permit relates. Such a finding shall be in writing, 2.4 signed by the FSM Secretary of Justice and the relevant 2.5 State or national official, and arrived at through

1	procedures which afforded the holder of the entry permit
2	notice and an opportunity to be heard by the relevant
3	State or national official."
4	Section 9. Section 213 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code
5	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law
6	No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:
7	"Section 213. Reports by holders of FSM Foreign
8	Investment Permits.
9	(1) The holder of any FSM Foreign Investment Permit
10	shall submit to the Secretary such reports concerning
11	the foreign investment as the Secretary may prescribe in
12	the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations. Details of the
13	information required, the reasons for the requirements,
14	and the frequency and form of such reports shall be set
15	forth in the FSM Foreign Investment Regulations.
16	(2) Any change in foreign ownership of an investment
17	for which an FSM Foreign Investment Permit has been
18	issued which results in ownership of a substantial
19	ownership interest by a noncitizen who did not
20	previously own a substantial ownership interest shall be
21	reported immediately to the Secretary, who may take such
22	action as he or she considers appropriate in respect of
23	the FSM Foreign Investment Permit, including its
24	cancellation if appropriate under the provisions of
25	section 209(7) of this chapter."

1	Section 10. Section 216 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code
2	of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law
3	No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows:
4	"Section 216. <u>Compulsory acquisition of foreign</u>
5	investment property.
6	(1) The National Government guarantees that there
7	shall be no compulsory acquisition or expropriation of
8	the property of any [foreign investment] business entity
9	as to which a Foreign Investment [Certificate] Permit
10	has been issued, except under the following
11	circumstances:
12	(a) in order to apply sanctions for violation of
13	laws or regulations, as provided for in section 220 of
14	this chapter; or
15	(b) in extraordinary cases in which
16	(i) such compulsory acquisition or
17	expropriation is consistent with existing FSM law
18	governing eminent domain;
19	(ii) such compulsory acquisition or
20	expropriation is necessary to serve overriding national
21	interests and
22	(iii) the conditions of subsection (2) below
23	are met; or
24	(c) pursuant to generally applicable laws and
25	regulations of the FSM or any State.

1	(2) Compulsory acquisition or expropriation of a type
2	described in subsection (1)(b) above may be undertaken
3	only after:
4	(a) the National Congress has, following a
5	recommendation to this effect by the Secretary, taken
6	official action to identify in writing
7	(i) the property to be acquired or
8	expropriated and
9	(ii) the overriding national interests that
L 0	make such acquisition or expropriation necessary; and
L1	(b) the Secretary has issued a notification to
L2	any holder of a Foreign Investment Permit whose property
L3	is to be acquired or expropriated, indicating
L 4	(i) what property is affected by the action;
L5	(ii) what compensation will be paid for the
L 6	acquisition or expropriation of the property; and
L7	(iii) what appeal or other forms of legal
L8	recourse are available to the holder of the Foreign
L 9	Investment Permit affected by the action.
20	(3) Payment of compensation pursuant to subsection
21	(2) (b) above shall be promptly made and adequate in
22	amount.
23	[(4) The National Government shall not take action, or
24	permit action to be taken by any State or other entity
25	within the FSM, that, although not formally designated

1 or acknowledged as compulsory acquisition or expropriation, indirectly has the same injurious effect 2. ('creeping expropriation'). If such action nevertheless 3 4 takes place, the National Government shall be 5 responsible for the prompt and adequate compensation of 6 any injured noncitizen. 7 Section 11. Section 217 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Section 217. Transfers of earnings and capital. 10 (1) The National Government guarantees that no holder 11 12 of a currently valid Foreign Investment Permit will be 13 subject to any restrictions on making <a href="lawful">lawful</a> remittances 14 of profits and carrying out other <u>lawful</u> current international transactions as defined in the Articles of 15 16 Agreement of the International Monetary Fund. 17 (2) The National Government quarantees that any holder of a currently valid Foreign Investment Permit will be 18 19 permitted to lawfully repatriate any amount of capital 20 that was <u>lawfully</u> brought into the FSM for, or that <u>lawfully</u> accrued on, a business entity to which such 21 22 Permit applies [; provided, however, that prior 2.3 notification must be given to the Secretary, in 24 accordance with procedures that the Secretary may 2.5 establish by regulation, of any capital repatriation in

1 an amount exceeding \$50,000 or such higher amount as the 2 Secretary may establish for this purpose]." Section 12. Section 219 of chapter 2 of title 32 of the Code 3 of the Federated States of Micronesia, as enacted by Public Law No. 10-49, is hereby amended to read as follows: "Section 219. Non-discriminatory treatment. 6 7 Subject to the provisions of this chapter and 8 regulations promulgated hereunder, and subject further 9 to the express provisions of any other statute applicable to specific business categories, the National 10 Government shall not take action, or permit any State to 11 12 take action, that would result in a foreign investor 13 being given treatment that is less favorable than the 14 treatment given to citizens, or business entities wholly 15 owned by citizens, engaging in business in the FSM." 16 Section 13. Title 37 of the Code of the Federated States of Micronesia is hereby enacted by adding a new section 101 thereto 17 to read as follows: 18 19 "Section 101. Bond & Reporting. 20 (1) Any person offering to provide insurance in the 21 FSM shall file a \$100,000 deposit with the Secretary of 22 Economic Affairs in cash, negotiable securities, or a 2.3 bond from a corporate surety, or any combination 24 totaling \$100,000 which is acceptable to the Secretary, 2.5 before the commencement of business. The deposit shall

1	be held in trust by the Secretary for the account of the
2	insurer to satisfy any judgment that may be rendered
3	against it under any policies that it may issue. The
4	deposit shall be maintained as long as the insurer
5	conducts business in the FSM.
6	(2) Every insurer conducting business in the FSM shall
7	file a verified statement summarizing all commercial
8	activity transacted in the FSM by the insurer during its
9	previous financial year within 60 days after the end of
10	such financial year. The statement shall be accompanied
11	by a certified copy of any annual report which the
12	insurer may have submitted to the foreign government, if
13	any, under whose laws the insurer is organized."
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19	Section 14. This act shall become law upon approval by the
20	President of the Federated States of Micronesia or upon its
21	becoming law without such approval.
22	
23	Date: 10/15/03 Introduced by: /s/ Henry C. Asugar
24	Henry C. Asugar (by request)
25	